# Improving the Health of California's Headwater Forests

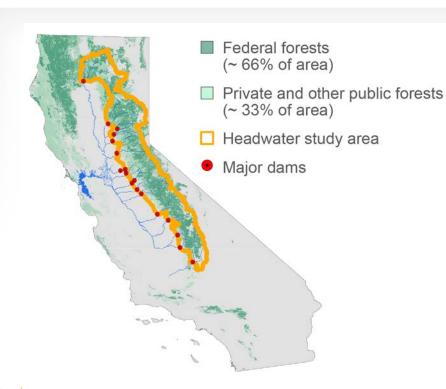
September 20, 2017

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Supported with funding from the S. D. Bechtel, Jr. Foundation and the US Environmental Protection Agency



## Why focus on headwater forests?



#### Benefits of headwater forests:

- Source of 2/3 of state's surface water
- Habitat for endangered species
- Timber production for rural development and urban housing
- Recreation



## Key takeaways for improving headwater forests

- Decades of fire suppression made forests too dense, vulnerable to die-offs and catastrophic wildfires
- Treatments to improve forest resilience are difficult to use in complex management environment
- Suggested reforms:
  - Manage for long term and over large scales
  - Bundle treatments with revenue generating projects
  - Enhance cooperation between various types of landowners and other stakeholders

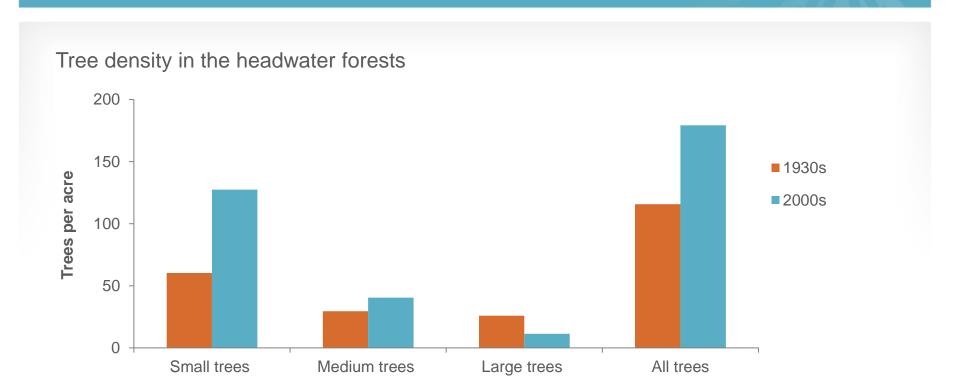


#### **Outline**

- Forest health is in decline
- Treatments for improving forest health
- Reforms for increasing the pace and scale of action



## Headwater forests too dense, with many small trees





### The drought accelerated forest health decline



Recent tree die-off in the Sierra Nevada

#### Latest drought impacts:

- 15 million more dead trees per year, most from bark beetle outbreak
- Two of largest wildfires in state history



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# Removing forest fuels will improve forest health



Prescribed and managed wildfire



Mechanical thinning



## Barriers to increasing use of these treatments

- Focus on avoiding short-term impacts limits ability to manage for long-term health
- Treatment needs are poorly understood
- No single formula for funding expansion of treatments
- Many parties across a patchwork of landownership need to coordinate to be effective at large-enough scale



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## Make forest health a top priority

#### **Actions:**

- Use broader permitting tools to support long-term forest health on federal lands
- Level playing field between fire suppression and other management actions
- Embed forest health objectives into state forest management practices



Smoke from a Sierra wildfire



### Define needs and make the most of available funding

#### Actions:

- Improve and standardize forest treatment accounting practices
- Bundle harvesting with other treatments to help cover costs
- Collaborate for funding



Idaho sawmill



# Utilize new and existing tools that facilitate collaboration

#### Actions:

- Long-term and financially viable stewardship contracts on national forests
- Federal and state collaboration through the Good Neighbor Authority
- Private forest owner collaboration through forest health districts



Malheur National Forest, Oregon



## Solutions are not easy and not one-size-fits-all

- It took decades to create poor conditions in today's forests, and will take decades to improve their health
- Barriers to improving forest health are not technical—they are legal, social, and financial
- Reforms will require leadership and risk taking at local, state, federal levels
- Forest health should be a common goal for all Californians



# Thank you!





#### **About these slides**

These slides were created to accompany a presentation. They do not include full documentation of sources, data samples, methods, and interpretations. To avoid misinterpretations, please contact:

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Thank you for your interest in this work.



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